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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/521,326	01/14/2005	Richard Chene	22193-00011-US1	1473
42441 7590 05/17/2007 CONNOLLY BOVE LODGE & HUTZ LLP (FOR CABINET BEAU DE LOMENIE)			EXAMINER	
			BRITTAIN, JAMES R	
P.O. BOX 2207 WILMINGTON, DE 19899-2207			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3677	
	•		, MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/17/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/521,326	CHENE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	James R. Brittain	3677				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Do  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNION 36(a). In no event, however, may a rewill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONO, cause the application to become AE	CATION. eply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 Ja	anuary 2004.	,				
,	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
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closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims		•				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10)☑ The drawing(s) filed on 14 January 2004 is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ o drawing(s) be held in abeyar tion is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date 01142005	Paper No(	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application 				

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The passage "and being is formed" (claim 1, line 10) is incomplete and therefore indefinite. The passage "while, at least when the collar is in a tightened state, ...collar" (claim 9, last four lines) renders the scope of the claim unclear because it is not particularly pointed out if the spacer actually has a change of length only when in the tightened state. The passage is unclear as to what limitation is place on the finished product. The remaining claims are indefinite in that they depend from an indefinite claim.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Calmettes et al. (US 4834431) in view of JP 8-61315.

Calmettes et al. (figures 1-3) teaches clamping collar structure comprising a V-shaped band with housings 2a incorporated into the bearing tabs 2. The bolt head 3 has the same shape

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as the abutment spacer 5 (col. 3, lines 20-35) and such a configuration prevents rotation of the bolt head and spacer through its cooperation with the housings 2a and V-shaped band. The difference is that the spacer isn't formed by a rolled-up blank. However, the use of a rolled-up blank for the spacer is conventional as shown by JP 8-61315 (figures 1-5) which teaches the use of a rolled-up spacer 13 as providing sufficient strength between the bold head and bearing tab in the environment of a clamping collar. It would have been obvious to modify the clamping collar of Calmettes et al. so that the spacer is a rolled-up blank in view of JP 8-61315 teaching such structure to be a conventional expedient with a simply devised and shaped configuration.

Claims 9 and 16-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Calmettes et al. (US 4834431) in view of Watts (US 3181901).

Calmettes et al. (figures 1-3) teaches clamping collar structure comprising a V-shaped band with housings 2a incorporated into the bearing tabs 2. The bolt head 3 has the same shape as the abutment spacer 5 (col. 3, lines 20-35) and such a configuration prevents rotation of the bolt head and spacer through its cooperation with the housings 2a and V-shaped band. The difference is that the spacer doesn't increase in length away from the collar. However, Watts teaches the use of a spacer 48 with a curved edge 56 that extends the length of the spacer away from the collar so as to provide a better engagement with the bearing tab. Therefore, it would have been obvious to modify the clamping collar of Calmettes et al. so that the spacer increases in length away from the collar in view of Watts teaching that it is desirable to have such structure on a spacer. As to claim 13 all materials are elastic to some degree and the spacer of Calmettes et al. is elastically deformable to a very small extent.

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Claims 10-12 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Calmettes et al. (US 4834431) in view of Watts (US 3181901). as applied to claims 9 and 13 above, and further in view of JP 8-61315.

Further modification of the clamping collar of Calmettes et al. such that the spacer is a rolled-up blank would have been obvious in view of JP 8-61315 (figures 1-5) teaching the use of a rolled-up spacer 13 as providing sufficient strength between the bold head and bearing tab in the environment of a clamping collar via a conventional expedient with a simply devised and shaped configuration.

## Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to James R. Brittain whose telephone number is (571) 272-7065. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 5:30-2:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, J. J. Swann can be reached on (571) 272-7075. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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JRB